EMMET

Alpert pipe Gerpex LBP / Gerpex press fittings

Distribution system for thermosanitary systems with multilayer pipes and brass fittings









EMMETIThe new factory for Multilayer pipe

The 9th of January on 2009 Emmeti opened, in Fontanafredda (PN) loc. Le Forcate, the PE-Xb/Al/PE-Xb and PE-RT/Al/PE-RT multilayer pipe factory.

The two production lines, the crosslinking chamber, the coating line, the automatic packaging, the raw-material warehouse and the Laboratory, are housed within a 10,000 m² facilty.

The laboratory, equipped with the most modern devices for product analysis and checks, ensures maximum reliability and safety of the finished product and its compliance with the latest standards.

The production capacity of the plant, once up to speed, $% \left(\mathbf{r}\right) =\mathbf{r}^{\prime }$

is 36,000,000 metres per year.

By means of this factory, in addition to the facility in Ponte S. Marco (BS), with the production of press and compression fittings, means that Emmeti is placed on the European market among the few companies able to offer its own complete multilayer system.







EMMETI-ALPERT PE-RT/AI/PE-RT 20x2

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DVGW W534 certificate: System consisting of multilayer pipes Alpert and press fittings Gerpex LBP







DVGW type examination certificate DVGW-Baumusterprüfzertifikat

DW-8501CS0372
Registration Number
Registriernummer

Field of Application Anwendungsbereich

products of water supply Produkte der Wasserversorgung

Owner of Certificate Zertifikatinhaber EMMETI S.p.A.

Via Brigata Osoppo, 166, I-33074 Vigonovo di Fontafredda (PN)

Distributor

Vertreiber

EMMETI S.p.A.

Via Brigata Osoppo, 166, I-33074 Vigonovo di Fontafredda (PN)

Product Category Produktart installation systems and system joints: drinking water installation system (8501)

Produktart

Product Description Produktbezeichnung drinking water installation system consisting of compression connectors

made of brass, leak before pressed (type M-MV) and multilayer pipes made of PE-RT/AL/PE-RT and PE-Xb/AL/PE-Xb

Modell Modell Gerpex LBP

Test Reports Prüfberichte type testing: V183/17 from 11.10.2017 (IMA)

Test Basis Prüfgrundlagen DVGW W 534-(P) (01.07.2015) DVGW CERT ZP 8500 (09.03.2017) UBA METALLE (15.03.2017) UBA ELASTOM (16.03.2016) DVGW W 270 (01.11.2007)

Date of Expiry / File No. Ablaufdatum / Aktenzeichen 11.10.2022 / 17-0525-WNE

07.11.2017 Fk A-1/2

Date, Issued by, Sheet, Head of Certification Body Datum, Bearbeiter, Blatt, Leiter der Zertifizierungsstelle

DVGW CERT GmbH is an accredited body by DAkkS according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17065:2013 for certification of products for energy and water supply industries.

DVGW CERT GmbH ist von der DAkkS nach DIN EN ISO/IEC 17065:2013 akkrecitierte Stelle für die Zertifizierung von Produkten der Energie- und Wasserversorgung. DAKKS

Deutsche

Akkreditierungsstelle
D-2E-16028-01-05

DVGW CERT GmbH Zertifizierungsstelle

Josef-Wirmer-Str. 1-3

Tel. +49 228 91 88 - 888 Fax: +49 228 91 88 - 993

www.dvgw-cert.com info@dvgw-cert.com

System consisting of Alpert pipes, and press fittings Gerpex LBP:



sizes: Ø16, Ø20

KIWA certificate according to UNI EN ISO 21003: System consisting of multilayer pipes Alpert and press fittings Gerpex LBP



Numero KIP-098340/01

Sostituisce n.a.

Emesso 22.03.2018

Prima emissione 22.03.2018

Rapporto 100901265

Contratto K15-01

Pagina 1 di 1

CERTIFICATO DI PRODOTTO KIWA-UNI

PRODUCT CERTIFICATE KIWA-UNI

Kiwa Cermet Italia dichiara che i prodotti Kiwa Cermet Italia hereby declare that the products

Sistemi multistrato per il trasporto di acqua calda e fredda all'interno degli edifici

Multilayer piping systems for hot and cold water installation inside buildings

Marchio del sistema/System Trade mark:

composto da/made of:

Tubo multistrato/Multilayer Pipe:

Raccordi/Fittings:

Gerpex LBP

GERPEX RA/ALPERT GERPEX LBP

DN and wall tickness	Layers Material	Application Class	Pressure	Fittings
16x2,0 Al0,2	PE-Xb/Al/PE-Xb	2 and 5	10 bar	Brass press fittings LBP profile B, TH, U, H, F
20x2,0 Al0,25	PE-Xb/Al/PE-Xb	2 and 5	10 bar	Brass press fittings LBP profile B, TH, U, H, F
26x3,0 Al 0,3	PE-Xb/Al/PE-Xb	2 and 5	10 bar	Brass press fittings LBP profile B, TH, U, H, F
32x3,0 Al 0,4	PE-Xb/Al/PE-Xb	2 and 5	10 bar	Brass press fittings LBP profile B, TH, U, H, F
16x2,0 Al 0,2	PE-RT/AI/PE-RT	2 and 5	10 bar	Brass press fittings LBP profile B, TH, U, H, F
20x2,0 AI 0,25	PE-RT/AI/PE-RT	2 and 5	10 bar	Brass press fittings LBP profile B, TH, U, H, F

Sistema Costruito da/System Manufactured by:

Emmeti S.p.a.

33074 - Fontanafredda (PN)

In base ai test di tipo nonché alle ispezioni periodiche condotte da Kiwa sono ritenuti conformi ai requisiti del Documento Tecnico Ki-0410 basato sulla normativa UNI EN ISO 21003-5:2009 e al D.M. 174 e quindi marcati Kiwa-UNI. La validità di questo certificato è soggetta al risultato positivo delle sorveglianze periodiche. Based upon type tests and on Kiwa's periodic factory inspections the products are considered in compliance with the requirement of Technical Document Ki-0410, based on the standard UNI EN ISO 21003-5:2009 e al D.M. 174 and consequentially marked Kiwa-UNI. The validity of this certificate is subject to the positive result of periodic surveillance visits

Il presente certificato viene rilasciato in accordo al Regolamento Kiwa Cermet Italia per la Certificazione di prodotto ed è composto da 1 pagina. This certificate is issued in accordance with the Kiwa Cermet Italia regulations for Product Certification and consists of 1 pages

Chief Operating Officer





Giampiero Belcredi







Fax +39.0438 22428 E-mail: info@kiwacermet.it www.kiwa.it

Kiwa Cermet Italia S.p.A.

Via Cadriano, 23

Via Treviso 32/34

all'attività di direzione e coordinamento di Kiwa Italia Holding Srl

40057 Granarolo dell'Emilia (BO) Unità secondaria

31020 San Vendemiano (TV) Tel +39. 0438 411755

System consisting of Alpert pipes, and press fittings Gerpex LBP:



kiwa (IN) sizes: Ø16, Ø20

DVGW W534 certificate: System consisting of multilayer pipes Alpert and press fittings Gerpex







DVGW type examination certificate DVGW-Baumusterprüfzertifikat

DW-8501BR0520 Registration Number Registriernummer

Field of Application Anwendungsbereich products of water supply Produkte der Wasserversorgung

Owner of Certificate Zertifikatinhaber EMMETI S.p.A.

Via Brigata Osoppo, 166, I-33074 Vigonovo di Fontafredda (PN)

Distributor

EMMETI S.p.A.

Via Brigata Osoppo, 166, I-33074 Vigonovo di Fontafredda (PN)

Product Category Produktart installation systems and system joints: drinking water installation system

(8501)

Product Description

drinking water installation system consisting of compression connectors made of metal, type M-MV and multilayer pipe PE-RT/Al/PE-RT

Modell

ALPert

Test Reports Prüfberichte supplement test: V001/16.1A from 20.09.2016 (IMA) type testing: B446/14.3 from 23.10.2015 (IMA) type testing: B274/10.1 from 04.10.2011 (IMA)

mechanical test: B215/10+B218.3/08 from 06.08.2010 (IMA) type testing: 329206/0.1/4035 from 20.09.2006 (SKZ)

Test Basis Prüfgrundlagen DVGW W 534-(P) (01.07.2015) UBA METALLE (19.01.2016) BGA KTW (12.12.1985) DVGW W 270 (01.11.2007)

Date of Expiry / File No. Ablaufdatum / Aktenzeichen 13.11.2021 / 16-0056-WNA

20.09.2016 GI A-1/2

Date, Issued by, Sheet, Head of Certification Body Datum, Bearbeiter, Blatt, Letter der Zertifizierungsstelle

DVGW CERT GmbH is an accredited body by DAkkS according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17085:2013 for certification of products for energy and water supply industry.

DVGW CERT GmbH ist von der DAkkS nach DIN EN ISO/IEC 17065:2013 akkreditierte Stelle für die Zertifizierung von Produkten der Energie- und Wasserversorgung. DAKKS
Deutsche
Akkreditierungsstelle
D-ZE-16028-01-05

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KIWA certificate according to UNI EN ISO 21003: System consisting of multilayer pipes Alpert and press fittings Gerpex



Numero KIP-065084/04

Sostituisce KIP-065084/03

Emesso 15.06.2016

Prima emissione 20.10.2011

Rapporto 110901256

Contratto K15-01

Pagina 1 di 1

CERTIFICATO DI PRODOTTO KIWA-UNI PRODUCT CERTIFICATE KIWA-UNI

Kiwa Cermet Italia dichiara che i prodotti Kiwa Cermet Italia hereby declare that the products

Sistemi multistrato per il trasporto di acqua calda e fredda all'interno degli edifici Multilayer piping systems for hot and cold water installation inside buildings

Marchio del sistema/System Trade mark:

EMMETI-ALPERT

composto da/made of: Tubo multistrato/Multilayer Pipe:

EMMETI-ALPERT

Raccordi/Fittings:

EMMETI-GERPEX

Model	Type and nominal dm and wall tickness	Layers Material	Application class / Pressure	Fittings
ALPERT	M-pype dn16x2,0 Al0,20	PE-RT/Al/PE-RT	2 and 5/10bar	Brass press fittings profile B, TH
	M-pype dn20x2,0 Al0,25	PE-RT/Al/PE-RT	2 and 5/10bar	Brass press fittings profile B, TH

Sistema Costruito da/System Manufactured by:

Emmeti S.p.a. 33074 - Fontanafredda (PN)

In base ai test di tipo nonché alle ispezioni periodiche condotte da Kiwa possono essere ritenuti conformi ai requisiti del Documento Tecnico Ki - 0410 basato sulla normativa ISO21003:2008 ed al D.M. 174/2004 e quindi marcati Kiwa-UNI La validità di questo certificato è soggetta al risultato positivo delle sorveglianze

Based upon type tests and on Kiwa's periodic factory inspections, the products can be considered to be in compliance with the requirement of Technical Document Ki - 0410, based on the standard ISO21003:2008 and to D.M. 174/2004 and consequentially marked Kiwa-UNI

The validity of this certificate is subject to the positive result of periodic surveillance visits

Il presente certificato viene rilasciato in accordo al Regolamento Kiwa Cermet Italia per la Certificazione di prodotto ed è composto da 1 pagina.

This certificate is issued in accordance with the Kiwa Cermet Italia regulations for Product

Certification and consists of 1 pages

Chief Operating Officer Giampiero Belcredi









Kiwa Cermet Italia S.p.A. Società con socio unico, all'attività di direzione e di Kiwa Italia Holding Srl Via Cadriano, 23

40057 Granarolo dell'Emilia (BO) Unità secondaria Via Treviso 32/34

31020 San Vendemiano (TV) Tel +39. 0438 411755

E-mail: info@kiwacermet.it

www.kiwa.it

Quality controls

The whole manufacturing process of Emmeti Alpert multilayer pipe is subject to strict controls carried out before, during and after production from the raw materials through to the finished product.

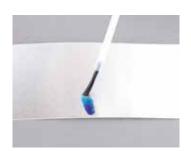
The production department and analytical laboratory, carry out checks including the following:



MFI (Melt Flow Index)Verify compliance of the polymer raw materials to be used.



PeelingTest resistance to delamination between the inner layer and the aluminium.



INK TestEnsure that the strip of aluminium is clean.



pressure
Test resistance to a specific internal pressure at 95 °C; the pressure value is chosen as a function of the type of pipe (maximum diameter, aluminium thickness) and the duration of the test (22h, 165h, 1000h), by referring to the relative regression curves.

Resistance to internal



Dimensional control in productionAutomatic computerised control of pipe dimensions.



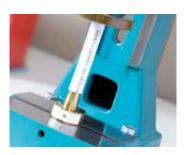
Thermal cycles
Test on a system consisting
of the pipe and fittings and
subjected to 5000 temperature
cycles (20 to 95 °C) of 30
minutes each with a pressure
of 10 bar.



Ball TestTo ensure that there are no occlusions or deformations on the inside of the pipe by using compressed air to pass a ball through the pipe.



Pressure cycles
Test on a system consisting
of the pipe and fittings and
subjected to 10,000 pressure
cycles (from 1 to 30 bar) at
23 °C with a frequency of



Enlargement Test
Test performed both in
production and in the
laboratory to verify the quality
of welds and the adhesion of
individual layers.



Vibration test
Vibration test on a system
consisting of pipe and
fittings which is subjected to
330 alternating bending cycles
with an internal pressure of
15 bar at room temperature.

Fields of application

The Emmeti system consisting of Alpert multilayer pipes and Gerpex press fittings represents a modern and efficient solution used to build heating and sanitary systems with multilayer pipes, made from not cross-linked with high resistance to high temperature polyethylene (PE-RT) and aluminium, and special fittings.

The fittings are available in two different versions: press-fittings and screw-fittings. The wide range of fittings and the various fastening options make the system a complete and highly reliable product.

The system is suitable for:

- Heating systems
- · Chilled water air-conditioning systems
- Hydraulic systems
- Compressed air systems (*)

(*) An adequate filtering system has to be in place to avoid contact between compressor lubricant oil and O-rings included into the fittings.

For the transport of other fluids, please contact our Technical Support service for the suitable checks.



The advantages of a complete system

Greater resistance to high temperatures

Resistance to temperatures up to a maximum of 95 °C.

Greater resistance to pressure

Resistance to pressures up to a maximum of 10 bar, at a temperature of 70 °C, for 50 years.

Contained linear expansion

The linear expansion in relation to a variation in temperature is comparable with that of copper.

Thermal insulation

The system is available with an insulating coating having the following fire reaction class: C_1 -S1-d0 (EN 13501-1).

Low load losses

The smooth surface of the pipe prevents limescale deposits and promotes the smooth flow of fluid thus considerably reducing pressure drops across the system.

A higher water flow rate is attainable

The pipe has considerable resistance to mechanical erosion from solid particles that the water normally carries with it.

Resistance to crushing and abrasion

This is due to the resistance of the aluminium layer and of the layers of PE-X used in the pipe's construction.

Impermeability to oxygen

The aluminium layer makes the Alpert pipe impermeable to gasses and therefore to oxygen that would cause corrosion of the system's metal components.

Resistance to external chemical agents

Alpert pipes embedded in walls or buried under flooring can be, due to their qualities, placed in "acidic" and "alkali" environments.

Complete resistance to electrochemical corrosion

This characteristic is obtained thanks to the materials used in the pipe construction and the fittings special dielectric element.

Reduced weight and rapid installation

Thanks to its low specific weight and the ability to bend easily, the Alpert pipe is extremely easy to install.

Once bent into the desired position, the pipe remains in that position in the same way a metallic pipe would do.

Connecting pipe fittings is quick and simple giving it a significant advantage over using traditional jointing methods $\frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} \frac{1}{2} \int_{\mathbb{R$

Features of the system



Avoiding electrical voltage

Multilayer Alpert pipes are made with a combination of aluminium and cross-linked polyethylene. Both the inner and outer pipes wrap around the aluminium pipe, effectively sealing it.

This design eliminates any direct electrical contact with the metal part of the tube.

In addition, at each joint, the Gerpex multilayer pipes are isolated from the joint fitting by means of a plastic ring.

This ensures that no direct current flow can be generated and avoids induced electrical voltage across the pipe system.

Chemical resistance

The chemical characteristics PE-RT make the Alpert pipe system resistant to of the following substances:

- · Plaster, concrete, mortar and cement
- Disinfectants and cleaning agents complying with DVGW technical sheet W291 and DIN 2000
- All natural materials containing drinking water according to DIN 2000
- Anti corrosives according to DIN 1988 part 4

Multilayer Alpert pipes must be protected from substances such as bitumen, grease, solvents and mineral oils.

For compatibility with other chemical compounds, reference should be made to the ISO/TR 10358:1993 tables.

Gerpex LBP and Gerpex pipe fittings must be protected with an appropriate coating if used in environments exposed to the danger of corrosion such as being laid in continuous flooring, in spaces with permanent humidity, in the presence of aggressive gases or concealed in direct contact with cement mortar or binders of lime.

O-ring seals (in EPDM) are not compatible with petroleum products and therefore the use of lubricants derived from petroleum is prohibited. The Gerpex system can be used with water and glycol mixtures to reach temperatures down to -10 $^{\circ}$ C.

Heat insulation

The hot water distribution networks for domestic use or heating, must be insulated in compliance with current legislation.

The Alpert pipes pre-insulated with a sheath can be used in these systems for the distribution of cold or refrigerated water (air conditioning systems), preventing the risk of condensate (after verification in compliance with the UNI EN ISO 12241- 2002 Standard).

Resistance to UV rays

The multilayer pipes must be protected from exposure to direct sunlight. They therefore must be covered during transport or storage, if they do not have the original packaging.

The Alpert pipes laid freely without protective pipes must be protected from prolonged exposure to solar rays (several months) by a covering. The UV protection function of the Alpert pipes can only be performed by the insulating layer (insulated Alpert), by opaque sheets or by wrapping them in dark materials

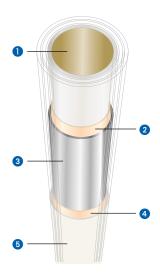
No hygiene risks

The Alpert multilayer pipes are approved for use in installations with drinking water. The lack of hygiene risks, meaning suitability for hot and cold drinking water, has been certified in compliance with the KTW Directives by the DVGW research institute and is subject to constant external control.

The use of the Alpert system in sanitary systems is ensured by certificates of fitness for drinking water in compliance with current legislation. The Alpert multilayer pipes contribute considerably to preventing the proliferation of legionella, thanks to the smooth surface of the internal pipe in PE-X, which does not promote deposits.

Multilayer pipe Alpert





Construction

Multilayer pipe for plumbing systems made of composite material, made homogeneous and united through a technologically advanced process with which a pipe PE-RT (not cross linked polyethylene with high resistance at high temperature) is realized, reinforced by a buttwelded aluminum core covered externally with another PE-RT layer. Alpert pipes combine the processing and durability advantages of a plastic pipe with the sturdiness and dimensional stability to temperature and pressure of a metal pipe.

- Inner pipe PE-RT
- 2 Bonding layer connecting the inner pipe to the aluminium pipe
- 3 Butt-welded aluminium pipe, thickness 0.2 mm for size 16x2; thickness 0,25 mm for size 20x2
- 4 Bonding layer connecting the outer pipe to the aluminium pipe
- Outer pipe (PE-RT)

The range

The Alpert tube is available in rolls in the diameters DN 16 and 20, bare and pre-insulated with sheath in coated polyethylene foam.

Dimensional data

Alpert Ø pipe external Ø	mm	16	20
Alpert pipe internal Ø	mm	12	16
Overall thickness	mm	2	2
Aluminum sheet thickness	mm	0,20	0,25
Weight (1)	Kg/m	0,10	0,13
Water content	I/m	0,11	0,20
Insulation thickness (2)	mm	6	6/9
Packs nude pipe (roll)	m	100/200/500	100/240
Packs insulated pipe (roll)	m	50/100	50

(1) Bare pipe

(2) For insulated pipes only

Pipe technical data

Classes of application (UNI ISO 21003 - see table on next page "Classification of the conditions of use"): 2/10 bar; 5/10 bar Maximum operating conditions for 50 years:

- Design temperature $T_D = 70 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Design pressure $p_D = 10$ bar

Max. temperature for short periods: 95 °C

Coefficient of linear expansion: 0.026 mm/m °C

Thermal conductivity: 0.45 W/m °C

Minimum radius of bending: 5 x Ø pipe

Surface roughness of internal pipe: 7 μ m

Fire reaction class: E_I (EN 13501-1)

Technical data of insulating sheath

Material: Closed-cell expanded polyethylene, covered with a film in extruded LD-PE.

Thermal conductivity (at 40 °C): \leq 0,040 W/mK (UNI EN ISO 8497). Fire reaction class: C_L-s1-d0 (EN 13501-1).

Thickness of covering: compliant with attachment B- TAB 1 of Italian Presidential Decree 412/93 per tubazioni correnti for pipes that run within structures that do not face onto the exterior, nor onto heated rooms.

Classification of the conditions of use (UNI ISO 21003-1)

Application class	Design temperature T _D (°C)	Time ^b at T _D (years)	T _{max} (°C)	Time at T _{max} (years)	T _{mal} (°C)	Time at T _{mal} (hours)	Field of application
1 ^a	60	49	80	1	95	100	Hot water (60 °C)
2 ^a	70	49	80	1	95	100	Hot water (70 °C)
	20	2,5					Underfloor heating
4 ^b	40	20	70	2,5	100	100	and low temperature
	+ 60	25					radiators
	20	14					
5 ^b	60	25	90	1	100	100	High temperature radiators
	+ 80	10					. Janatoro

 $\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{max}}^{-}$ Max design temperature for short periods

 $\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{mal}}$ Malfunctioning temperature

Marking example of Alpert pipe 16x2

EMMETI alpert PE-RT/AL/PE-RT Type II 16x2 Tmax = 95 °C UNI EN ISO 21003 **kiwa** © Class 2/10 bar, 5/10 bar DVGW DW8501BR0520 - DW-8501CS0372 Made in Italy hh:mm gg/mm/aa lotto mtr m

Key

EMMETI alpert	Trade name pipe
PE-RT/AL/PE-RT Type II	Layer material indication
16x2	External diameter and wall thickness (mm)
Tmax = 95 °C	Maximum temperature for short periods
UNI EN ISO 21003 kiwa 🖼	KIWA certification according to technical regulation UNI EN ISO 21003
Class 2/10 bar, 5/ 10 bar	Application classes combined with operating pressure
DVGW	Reference to the German certification DVGW
DW8501BR0520	Certificate number in according to German technical regulation DVGW W 534 - Alpert system
DW8501CS0372	Certificate number in according to German technical regulation DVGW W 534 - Gerpex LBP system
Made in Italy	Pipe made in Italy
hh:mm gg/mm/aa lotto	Time, date, production batch
mtr m	Progressive roll length

EMMETI alpert PE-RT/AL/PE-RT Type II 16x2 Tmax = 95 °C UNI EN ISO 21003 kiwa @ Class 2/10 bar, 5/10 bar DVGW DW8501BR0520 - DW8501CS0372 Made in Italy hh:mm gg/mm/aa lotto mtr m

b) Where more than one design temperature for time and associated temperature appears for any class, they should be aggregated. The symbol "+" in the table implies a temperature profile of the mentioned temperature over time (e. g. the design temperature profile for 50 years for class 5 is 20 °C for 14 years followed by 60 °C for 25 years, 80 °C for 10 years, 90 °C for 1 year and 100 °C for 100 h).

Certification and quality

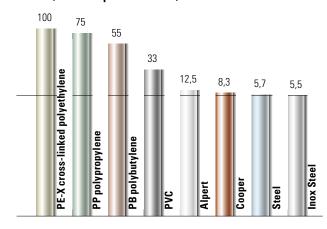
The features and performance of Alpert pipe are verified and certified by numerous quality marks and international standards.

In particular, Alpert pipes have obtained the DVGW certificate of quality regarding the prestigious German institution Technical Regulation W542, as well as KIWA in accordance with UNI EN ISO 21003.

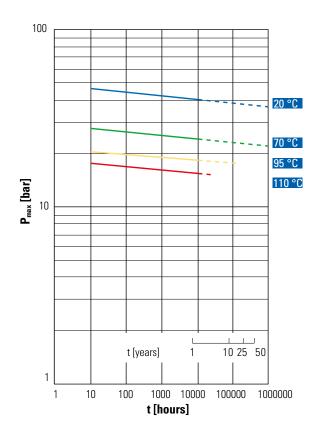
Drinking water

The use of systems consisting of Alpert pipes and press fittings Gerpex LBP and Gerpex in medical facilities is guaranteed by the certificate of suitability for drinking water according to the current national legislation in force (Italian Ministerial Decree 174 of the Ministry of Health) as well as compliance with the requirements by the German institute KTW.

linear thermal expansion for 10 m pipes of different materials ΔT 50 °C (values expressed in mm)



Regression curves Alpert pipe (Ø 16 x 2)



Reading example

The maximum pressure (pmax) for a duration of 50 years at a certain temperature is identified by intersecting the straight line (vertical) pertaining to the 50 years with the straight line (coloured) pertaining to the temperature.

Note the expected operating pressure (pes), the safety coefficient will be equal to ks=pmax/pes.

Press fittings Gerpex

Features

Gerpex Emmeti press-fittings have been designed to be installed in conjunction with electric or manual pressing devices.

This type of joint has become increasingly more popular due to its extremely simple and quick installation, along with the high level of temperature and pressure resistance.

The jaw, specific for every diameter of fittings, compresses a stainless steel sleeve, which secures the pipe onto the core of the fitting. The hydraulic and mechanical sealing is guaranteed by the special profile of the fitting and the double O-ring.

After pressing, the fitting produces a joint with maximum stability and duration, which makes it particularly suitable in embedded installations.



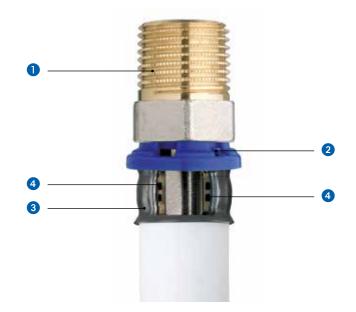
Construction details

The stainless steel sleeve is connected to the fitting along with the blue plastic ring.

Each sleeve has the indication of the diameter.

The plastic ring has four important functions:

- impedit prevents electric contact between the layer of aluminium of the pipe and the brass body of the fitting, thus preventing the risk of possible corrosion
- it allows the installer to check, via the sight holes, that the pipe has been inserted fully into the fitting,
- it guides the correct positioning of the jaws around the sleeve,
- fixes the sleeve to the fitting.
- 1 CW617N (UNI EN 12165) e CW614N (UNI EN 12164) brass body* Threads: UNI EN ISO 228-1, UNI EN 10226
- 2 PA 6 sleeve ring
- 3 AISI 304 steinless steel sleeve
- 4 EPDM dual o-ring
- * nickel-pladed only on surface non in contact with fluid.



Compatible pressing profiles

B-KSP1



		SIZE			
		16	20	26	32
=	В	✓	✓	✓	✓
OF.	TH	✓	✓	✓	✓
PR	F	-	-	-	-

TH - KSP 11



Compression fittings

Features

The use of compression fittings makes easier the installation of the multilayer system, and moreover it requires very few tools.

The 24x19 thread allows the use of a single type of fittings in combination to four seals with different sizes, thus rationalising stocks.

The hydraulic seal is ensured by means of the system with three O-rings and a pipe-shaped toothed ogive.

All the fittings are equipped with a special PTFE ring that electrically isolates the pipe aluminium layer from the brass fitting.



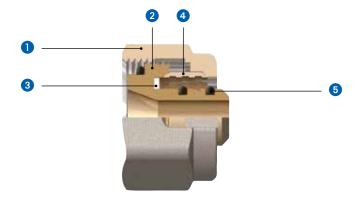


Construction details

The single body seal is supplied with it components (nut, ogive, adaptor) already assembled and ready for insertion into the pipe.

The opening on the nut makes it possible to verify if the fitting has been inserted all the way down to the Seat point.

- 1 Nut in brass CW617N (UNI EN 12165)
- 2 Adaptor in brass CW614N (UNI EN 12164)
- 3 Washer in PTFE
- 4 Serrated hose-clamp in brass CW614N (UNI EN 12164)
- **5** O-Ring seals in EPDM



The range

Alpert bare pipe in coils



Size	Mts. pack
16 x 2	100 / 200 / 500
20 x 2	100 / 240

Galvanised steel phono-insulating pipe clamp collar 20x1.5 mm metal plate, M8/10 nut



Size (mm)	Size (pollici)	Pcs. pack
15-19	3/8"	10
21-23	1/2"	10

Alpert insulated pipe in coils Closed cell cross-linked polyethylene insulating sheath, coated. Insulating thermal conductivity at 40 °C: \leq 0.040 W/m °C



Size	Insulation thickness	Mts. pack
16 x 2	6 mm*	50/100
20 x 2	6 mm	50
20 x 2	9 mm*	50

 $Compliant with \ Italian \ Presidential \ Decree \ 412/93 \ for \ pipes \ that \ run \ within$ structures that do not face onto the exterior, nor onto heated rooms.

Joint screw with plug Ø 10 x 60 plug

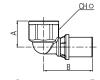


Size	Pcs. pack
Ø 8 x 90	10

Press fittings Gerpex

Female connecting elbow

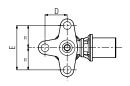


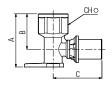


Size	Profile	Α	В	CH
		mm	mm	mm
16 x Rp1/2"	B (KSP1)	23,5	44	24
20 x Rp1/2"	B (KSP1)	23,5	44	24
20 x Rp3/4"	B (KSP1)	28	48	30

Female elbow with flange







Size	Profile	A mm	B mm	C mm	D mm	E mm	CH mm
16 x Rp1/2"	B (KSP1)	48	32	44	20	40	24
16 x Rp1/2"	B (KSP1)	68	52	44	20	40	24
20 x Rp1/2"	B (KSP1)	68	52	44	20	40	24
20 x Rp1/2"	B (KSP1)	48	32	44	20	40	24
20 x Rp3/4"	B (KSP1)	56	37	48	20	40	30

Male connecting elbow

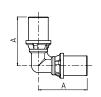




Size	Profile	A mm	B mm	CH mm
16 x R1/2"	B (KSP1)	26	44	22
20 x R1/2"	B (KSP1)	26	44	22
20 x R3/4"	B (KSP1)	31,5	48	27

Intermediate elbow

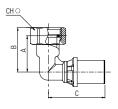




Size	Profile	mm
16 x 16	B (KSP1)	44
20 x 20	B (KSP1)	44

Elbow with female swivel joint, flat seal





Size	Profile	Α	В	C	CH
3126	1 101116	mm	mm	mm	mm
16 x G1/2"	B (KSP1)	26	32,8	44	25
20 x G3/4"	B (KSP1)	28	34,5	47	30

Straight with female swivel nut, o-ring seal





Size	Profile	A mm	CH mm
Ø 16 - 24x19	B (KSP1)	45,5	27
Ø 20 - 24x19	B (KSP1)	45,5	27
Ø 16 - Eurocone G3/4"	B (KSP1)	45,5	30
Ø 20 - Eurocone G3/4"	B (KSP1)	45,5	30

Straight with female nut, flat seal

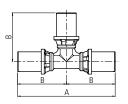




Size	Profile	A mm	CH mm
16 x G3/8"	B (KSP1)	41	19
16 x G1/2"	B (KSP1)	41	25
16 x G3/4"	B (KSP1)	42	30
20 x G1/2"	B (KSP1)	41	25
20 x G3/4"	B (KSP1)	42	30

Intermediate Tee joint

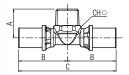




Size	Profile	A mm	B mm
16 x 16 x 16	B (KSP1)	88	44
20 x 20 x 20	B (KSP1)	88	44

Intermediate male Tee with male branch

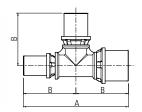




Size	Profile	A mm	B mm	C mm	CH mm
16 x R1/2" x 16	B (KSP1)	26	44	88	22
20 x R1/2" x 20	B (KSP1)	26	44	88	22
20 x R3/4" x 20	B (KSP1)	31,5	48	96	27

Intermediate reducing Tee joint

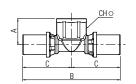




Size	Profile	A mm	B mm
16 x 20 x 16	B (KSP1)	88	44
20 x 16 x 16	B (KSP1)	88	44
20 x 16 x 20	B (KSP1)	88	44
20 x 20 x 16	B (KSP1)	88	44
20 x 26 x 20	B (KSP1)	96	48
20 x 32 x 20	B (KSP1)	106	53
26 x 16 x 20	B (KSP1)	96	48
26 x 16 x 26	B (KSP1)	96	48
26 x 20 x 16	B (KSP1)	96	48
26 x 20 x 20	B (KSP1)	96	48
26 x 20 x 26	B (KSP1)	96	48
26 x 26 x 16	B (KSP1)	96	48
26 x 26 x 20	B (KSP1)	96	48
32 x 16 x 32	B (KSP1)	106	53
32 x 20 x 20	B (KSP1)	106	53
32 x 20 x 26	B (KSP1)	106	53
32 x 20 x 32	B (KSP1)	106	53
32 x 26 x 20	B (KSP1)	106	53
32 x 32 x 16	B (KSP1)	106	53
32 x 32 x 20	B (KSP1)	106	53

Intermediate Tee joint with female branch





Size	Profile	A mm	B mm	C mm	CH mm
16 x Rp1/2" x 16	B (KSP1)	23,5	88	44	24
16 x Rp3/4" x 16	B (KSP1)	28	96	48	30
20 x Rp1/2" x 20	B (KSP1)	23,5	88	44	24
20 x Rp3/4" x 20	B (KSP1)	28	96	48	30
26 x Rp1/2" x 20	B (KSP1)	21,5	93	48	24

Straight intermediate union joint





Size	Profile	Α	В	CH
3126	Fiulle	mm	mm	mm
16 x 16	B (KSP1)	73	34,5	16
20 x 20	B (KSP1)	73	34,5	20

Straight intermediate reducing union joint





Size	Profile	A mm	B mm	CH mm
20 x 16	B (KSP1)	73	34,5	20
26 x 16	B (KSP1)	71	35,5	23
26 x 20	B (KSP1)	71	35,5	23
32 x 16	B (KSP1)	73	36,5	29
32 x 20	B (KSP1)	73	36,5	29

Straight male union joint





Size	Profile	A mm	CH mm
16 x R1/2"	B (KSP1)	50,8	22
20 x R1/2"	B (KSP1)	50,8	22
20 x R3/4"	B (KSP1)	54,5	27

Straight female union joint





Size	Profile	A mm	CH mm
16 x Rp1/2"	B (KSP1)	49,5	24
20 x Rp1/2"	B (KSP1)	49,5	24
20 x Rp3/4"	B (KSP1)	52	30

Screw seals

Monoblocco fitting 24x19 for multilayer pipe, nickel-plated



Size	Thread	
16 x 2	24x19	
20 x 2	24x19	

Monoblocco fitting 3/4" Eurocone for multilayer pipe, nickel-plated



Size	Thread
16 x 2	3/4" Eurocone
20 x 2	3/4" Eurocone

3-piece fittings 24x19 and 3/4" Eurocone for multilayer pipe, nickel-plated $\,$



Size	Thread	
16 x 2	24x19	
16 x 2	3/4" Eurocone	
20 x 2	3/4" Eurocone	

Derivation tightening wrench CH 27 - 30



CH 27 spanner for tightening takeoffs until DN 18



Fittings to be tightened

Straight female joint, nickel -plated





Size	Thread	A	D	υп
0120	imcau	mm	mm	mm
Rp1/2"	24x19	25	10	25
Rp3/4"	24x19	27	10	31

Straight male joint, nickel -plated





Size	Thread	A	В	Ü	CH
0126	ı ııı cau	mm	mm	mm	mm
R1/2"	24x19	28,5	10	11	25
R3/4"	24x19	29,5	10	12	31

Straight joint double jointed nickel-plated

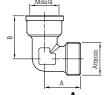




Size	A mm	B mm	C mm	CH mm
24x19	27,5	10	10	25

Female elbow joint nickel-plated





Size	Thread	Α	В
3126	illeau	mm	mm
Rp1/2"	24x19	26	31
Rp3/4"	24x19	29	33,5

Double-jointed elbow nickel-plated





Size	Α	В
3126	mm	mm
24x19	26	27,5

Male elbow joint nickel-plated

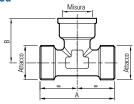




Size	Thread	Α	В
0120	riiicaa	mm	mm
R1/2"	24x19	26	29
R3/4"	24x19	29	31

Tee joint female nickel-plated

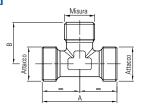




Thread	A	D
	mm	mm
24x19	52	31
24x19	58	33,5
	24x19	24x19 52

Tee joint male nickel-plated

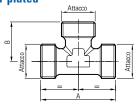




Size	Thread	Α	В
3126	illicau	mm	mm
R1/2"	24x19	52	29
R3/4"	24x19	58	31

Tee-joint three-piece nickel-plated





Size	Thread	Α	В
3126	illicau	mm	mm
20x20x20	24x19	52	27,5

Elbow joint female with flange nickel-plated







Size	Thread	Α	В	C	D	E
3126	illicau	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
Rp1/2"	24x19	26	31	47	21	42

Galvanized bracket for flanged elbow



Tooling



Manual pressing machine

360° rotating head
Telescopic arms, extendable 300 mm
Instrument weight: approximately 3.3 Kg
Instrument lenght: 560 - 860 mm
Thrust force: min. 30 kN
Press fittings: from DN 14 to DN 32

Dies for manual pressing machine



Size	Profile
16 x 2	B(KSP1)
20 x 2	B(KSP1)
26 x 3	B(KSP1)
32 x 3	B(KSP1)

14.4 V battery powered pressing machine SPM32 for Gerpex jaws from DN 14 to DN 75



Weight including charger: 3.9 Kg Dimensions LxHxS: 390x310x95 Feed force: min. 32kN - Power supply: 14.4 V Battery charger: 230 V, 50 Hz Battery capacity: 2.6 Ah Charging time: 45 min approx. Pressing performance: approx. 235 (DN20) Pressing time: from 4 to 7 depending on DN Operation temperature range: -20 °C \div 40 °C 360° rotating head Automatic piston retraction USB connection for remote diagnosis Optical malfunction report and working state indicator Complete with metal case,

230 V powered pressing machine SPM32 for Gerpex jaws from DN 14 to DN 75

battery 14.4 V, battery charger, USB cable, analysis software.



Weight including charger: 4.5 Kg 230 V adapter weight: 840 g Dimensions LxHxS: 390x310x95 Feed force: min. 32kN Power supply: 230 V, 50 Hz Max loading: 30 A Adapter voltage output: 14,4 V Pressing time: from 4 to 7 depending on DN Operation temperature range: -20 °C ÷ 40 °C 360° rotating head Automatic piston retraction USB connection for remote diagnosis Optical malfunction report and working state indicator - Complete with metal case, 230 V adapter, USB cable, analysis software.

Installing the system

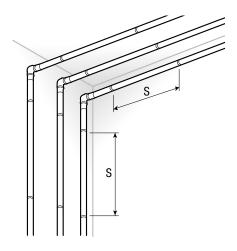
All installation operations must be carried out at temperatures above -10 $^{\circ}$ C and below 45 $^{\circ}$ C to avoid any possible damage to the materials. In case of temperatures below 0 $^{\circ}$ C, store the materials (pipes and fittings) at a higher temperature before use.

Surface mounted installation

In surface mounted installations, in false ceilings, in the gaps of dry wall systems (e.g. plasterboard) and in shafts, the pipes must be adequately secured with suitable collars placed at a distance of no more than a certain value that depends on the size of the pipe.

Maximum distance "S" for bracketing surface mounted pipes (see following figure):

Pipe dimension	Maximum Distance (S) for bracketing (cm)
14 x 2	100
16 x 2	100
18 x 2	125
20 x 2	125
26 x 3	150
32 x 3	200
40 x 3,5	200
50 x 4	250
63 x 4,5	250
75 x 5	250

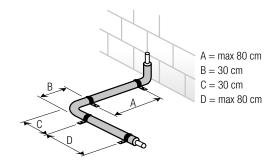


Surface embedded installation

In surface embedded installations, the pipes must be suitably secured with ties and there must be a minimum distance between them of 80 cm on straight lengths, and placed 30 cm before and after each bend. For this type of installation it is preferable to lay insulated pipe that has a foam sheath covering or pass the pipe through flexible tubing.

Press fittings: in laying concealed piping, the press fittings must be protected from corrosion that can result from contact with chemicals contained in plasters and mortars.

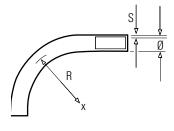
It is possible to use boxing, adhesive tapes specifically adapted for such applications, or coverings in an expanded plastic material that has been adequately sealed.



Minimum radius of bends

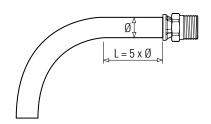
The bending of pipes must be carried out in accordance with the minimum values provided by the following table.

Pipe dimension (Ø x S)	Minimum radius of bend R	Minimum radius of bend R with spring pipe bender	Minimum radius of bend R with hydraulic bender
14 x 2	5 x Ø	3 x Ø	
16 x 2	5 x Ø	3 x Ø	
18 x 2	5 x Ø	3 x Ø	
20 x 2	5 x Ø	3 x Ø	
26 x 3	8 x Ø	4 x Ø	4 x Ø
32 x 3			4 x Ø
40 x 3,5			4 x Ø
50 x 4			4 x Ø
63 x 4,5			4,5 x Ø
75 x 5			5 x Ø



It is preferable to use elbow unions to form curves on pipes with a diameter greater than $26\ \mathrm{mm}$.

When bending the pipe you must also avoid putting pressure on the unions already installed and the distance between a union and the beginning of the bend must be greater than $5x\emptyset$, where \emptyset is the external diameter of the pipe.



Thermal expansion

During the installation phase, pay particular attention to thermal expansion that can particularly affect multilayer pipes. The elongation a pipe undergoes as a result of a variation in temperature can be calculated with the following formula:

 $\Delta L = \alpha \times L \times \Delta T$

where:

 $\alpha \quad \text{is the coefficient of linear expansion, equal to 0.026 mm/m K for insulated pipes;}$

L is the initial length of the pipe (m);

 ΔT is the temperature difference (K).

Example: Length of pipe: 12 m Temperature difference: 50 K $\Delta L = 0.026$ x 12 x 50 = 15,6 mm

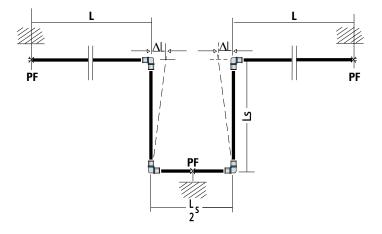
$\Delta \mathbf{T}$	10	20	30	40	50	60	70
L				ΔL			
0,1	0,026	0,052	0,078	0,104	0,130	0,156	0,182
0,2	0,052	0,104	0,156	0,208	0,260	0,312	0,364
0,3	0,078	0,156	0,234	0,312	0,390	0,468	0,546
0,4	0,104	0,208	0,312	0,416	0,520	0,624	0,728
0,5	0,130	0,260	0,390	0,520	0,650	0,780	0,910
0,6	0,156	0,312	0,468	0,624	0,780	0,936	1,092
0,7	0,182	0,364	0,546	0,728	1,910	1,092	1,274
0,8	0,208	0,416	0,624	0,832	1,040	1,248	1,456
0,9	0,234	0,468	0,702	0,936	1,170	1,404	1,638
1,0	0,260	0,520	0,780	1,040	1,300	1,560	1,820
2,0	0,520	1,040	1,560	2,080	2,600	3,120	3,640
3,0	0,780	1,560	2,340	3,120	3,900	4,680	5,460
4,0	1,040	2,080	3,120	4,160	5,200	6,240	7,280
5,0	1,300	2,600	3,900	5,200	6,500	7,800	9,100
6,0	1,560	3,120	4,680	6,240	7,800	9,360	10,920
7,0	1,820	3,640	5,460	7,280	9,100	10,920	12,740
8,0	2,080	4,160	6,240	8,830	10,400	12,480	14,560
9,0	2,340	4,680	7,020	9,360	11,700	14,040	16,380
10,0	2,600	5,200	7,800	10,400	13,000	15,600	18,200

L = Length (m)

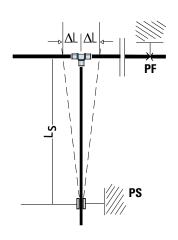
 $\Delta L = Longitudinal expansion (mm)$

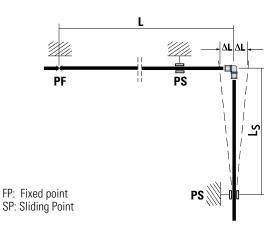
 ΔT = Temperature difference (K)

In surface mounted installations or installations in false ceilings and shafts, longitudinal thermal expansion can be compensated for through careful arrangement of fixed and sliding brackets (points), depending on the type of installation, thus providing suitable thermal expansion compensators.



FP: Fixed point SP: Sliding Point





Where:

Ls = $C \times \sqrt{(\emptyset \times \Delta L)}$

Ls = Length of compensator (mm)

Ø = External diameter of pipe (mm)

C = Material constant (for multilayer metal-plastic pipes C=33)

With

 $\Delta L = 15,6$ mm (previous example),

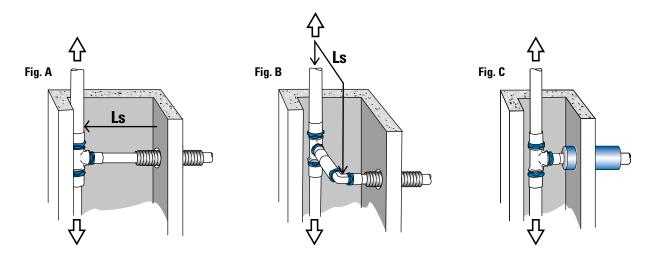
 $\emptyset = 26 \text{ mm}$

the result will be:

Ls = $33 \times \sqrt{(26 \times 15,6)} = 665 \text{ mm}$

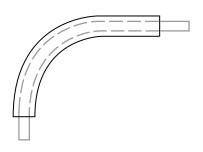
In order to guarantee the free movement of pipes in an installation inside a vertical shaft with horizontal branches, the branches must have a minimum free length Ls and the passage through the side wall of the shaft should be free and the pipe protected with a sheath (Fig. A and B).

In case the size of the shaft doesn't allow for a compensator of length Ls, the hole in the side wall should be increased in size and at the same time the tube should be protected with an insulating sheath of thickness $S \ge 1.5x\Delta L$ (Fig. C).



Where pipes are concealed or embedded in screed (laid in the floor), thermal expansion can be compensated for by creating an insulated curve at least every 10m (for example with an insulating foam sheath or by passing the pipe through flexible tubing).

Note: where the pipes are being used in radiant circuits (spiral or serpentine for underfloor heating/cooling), these guidelines do not apply!



System testing

The test must be carried out once the system is completed with the installation of the pipes and fittings, before walling the concealed parts definitely.

The system can be tested with potable, clean and filtered water, or compressed air, without oil.

Compressed air is suitable in particularly low temperatures, when there lies the risk of ice formation, and in potable water distribution systems, if too much time may elapse between the test and actual use, with consequent hygienic risks due to the presence of stagnant water inside the pipes.

Testing with water:

The test is carried out in two steps — leak test and hydraulic test — using pressure gauges with 0.1 bar resolution. In case of a difference in temperature > 10 K between the filling water and ambient temperature, the test must be carried out at least 30 minutes after filling.

Automatic venting and drainage systems must be closed properly to prevent compromising the test. The hydraulic test follows the leak test, if the latter is successful.

The **leak test** is carried out by filling the system with water, keeping it at a pressure between 1 and 6.5 bar and visually checking each fitting and joint to detect any leak and/or unpressed fitting and/or joints that are not implemented correctly.

Warning! The Gerpex fittings do not have the Leak Before Pressed function, whereas the Gerpex LBP fittings do. This function allows unpressed fittings to be visually identified through water leaks that occur within a pressure range of 1 and 6.5 bar and is guaranteed and certified for Gerpex LBP fittings in combination with the Emmeti Gerpex RA and Emmeti Alpert pipes, using Emmeti Gerpex equipment).

The **hydraulic test** for **sanitary installations** is carried out according to EN 806-4, with a test pressure of 11 bar (1.1 x MDP), which is to be maintained for at least 30 minutes.

MDP= Maximum Design Pressure = 10 bar

The **hydraulic test** for **heating systems** is carried out according to EN 14336, with a test pressure of 1.3 x Operating Pressure, and in any case between 4 and 6 bar, which is to be maintained for at least 120 minutes.

Details are found in the two regulations.

Testing with air:

The test is carried out in two steps — leak test and load test — using pressure gauges with a 1 mbar resolution and an appropriate method of detection (e.g. soapy water). The load test follows the leak test, if the latter is successful.

The **leak test** is carried out by filling the system with compressed air at a pressure between 110 and 150 mbar, which is to be maintained for at least 30 minutes, for volumes of up to 100 litres. In the case of greater volumes, the test duration must be increased by 10 minutes for every additional 100 litres.

The **load test** is carried out by filling the system with compressed air at a pressure of 3 bar (up to dimension 50x4) or 1 bar (for dimensions $\geq 63x4.5$), which is to be maintained for at least 30 minutes in the case of volumes of up to 100 litres. In the case of greater volumes, the test duration must be increased by 10 minutes for every additional 100 litres.

At the end of the test, the installer must fill and provide the customer with the relevant report, which can be downloaded from the following link:



https://efrdoc.com/PP_Gerpex

	ms to install
GER	PEX/GERPEX LBP SYSTEM
	t – Water pressure test according EN 14336
	ng water installations
	oject data
1.1 Proj	•
1.2 Buil	
1.3 Add	•
1.4 Cus	tomer
1.5 Inst	aller
1.6 Dat	e of installation
1.7 Pipe	es and fittings
dim	ensions 32x3 40x3.5 50x4 63x4.5 75x5
1.8 Wo	rking pressure bar
2. Lea	ak test
2.1 Test	t pressure (1÷6.5 bar) bar
2.2 Am	bient temperature °C
2.3 Wa	ter temperature °C
2.4 ∆ te	emperature (ambient-water)* °C
2.5 Enti	re installation visually checked
	allation free of leaks
	ssure at the end of test bar
* for Δ > 1	0 K, test has to be carried out after 30 min. from filling.
3. Pre	essure test
3.1 Test	t pressure (=1.3 x Working pressure) TP** bar
3.2 Tim	e of test at TP (minimum 120 minutes) min
	allation free of leaks
	ssure at the end of test bar
** min. 4:	to max. 6 bar.

	Stems to inst	att 回路						
CI	ERPEX/GEF	PEY I RI	D CV	'CTEN	/			
	port – Water p					: 1		000
	t and cold plum					1-4		
110	·	ibilig wate	1 111310	anation	•			
1.	Project data							
	Project	-						
	Building							
	Address							
	Customer							
	Date of installation							
	Pipes and fittings	14x2	г	1 16x2		18x2	☐ 20x2	☐ 26x3
1.7	dimensions	☐ 32x3	_	1 40x3.5	_	50x4	63x4.5	75x5
1.8	Maximum design pre				bar			—
2.	Leak test							
2.1	Test pressure (1÷6.5 l	oar)		ba	ar			
2.2	Ambient temperature			۰()			
2.3	Water temperature			°()			
2.4	Δ temperature (ambi	ent-water)*		°()			
2.5	Entire installation vis	ually checked						
2.6	Installation free of le	aks						
2.7	Pressure at the end of	f test		ba	ar			
* for	$\Delta > 10K$, test has to be carrie	ed out after 30 min. fr	om filling.					
3.	Pressure test							
3.1	Test pressure (=1.1 x	MDP) TP				b	ar	
3.2	Time of test at TP (mi	nimum 30 minut	tes)			n	nin	
3.3	Installation free of le	aks						
3.4	Pressure at the end o	f test				b	ar	
Cus	tomer	Date		_	Sign			
	aller				0:			

Systems to in					
GERPEX/GI Report – compi Hot and cold pl	ressed air or	inert gas	pressure test	of of	
1. Project data 1.1 Project 1.2 Building 1.3 Address					
Customer Installer Date of installation					
Pipes and fittings dimensions	··	_	_	20x2 63x4.5	26x3 75x5
2. Leak test					
2.1 Test pressure (11)	0÷150 mbar)		mbar		
2.2 Time of test*			min		
2.3 Entire installation	visually checked				
2.4 Installation free of	of leaks				
2.5 Pressure at the er	nd of test		bar		
* Min. 30 minutes; for V > 10	0 I, 10 additional minute	s for each addition	al 100 I.		
3. Load test					
3.1 Test pressure TP*	*		bar		
3.2 Time of test at TP	***		min		
3.3 Installation free of	if leaks				
3.4 Pressure at the er	nd of test		bar		
** 3 bar ≤ 50x4; 1 bar ≥ 63x	4.5.				
*** Min. 30 minutes; for V	> 100 I, 10 additional min	utes for each addi	ional 100 I.		
Customer	Date		Sign		
Installer	Date		Sinn		

Fittings mounting



Gerpex and Gerpex LBP press fittings system

Cutting

Cut the multilayer pipe with a pipe cutter or shears, verifying that the cut is perpendicular to the pipe axis.



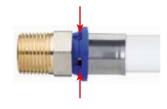


Calibration - Flaring

Calibrate the cut end using the relevant calibrator, which calibrates and flares the cut end of the pipe (Fig. C).

The operation is essential, as it determines the correct internal diameter of the pipe and creates the rounded end that eases introduction of the fitting.





Insertion the fitting

Insert the fitting into the pipe fully home; the transparent plastic ring allows verification of correct positioning (Fig. D).

Fig. C

Fig. D

Pressing

Place the jaws around the sleeve (Fig. E) by aligning the collar of the plastic ring with the groove of the jaws (Fig. F).

Start the hydraulic press-fitting tool until it clicks, signalling the completion of the press-fitting operation (Fig. G).

The operation must be done carefully so that the pipes are kept free of any tension. Once the fitting has been pressed, avoid placing the joint under any tension.



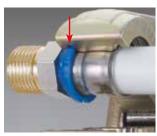


Fig. E

Fig. F

Completion of pressing

Remove the pressing device and open the jaws again.



Fig. G

Screw compression fittings system

Cutting

Cut the multilayer pipe with a pipe cutter or shears, verifying that the cut is perpendicular to the pipe axis.





Calibration - Flaring

Calibrate the cut end using the relevant calibrator, which calibrates and flares the cut end of the pipe.

The operation is essential, as it determines the correct internal diameter of the pipe and creates the rounded end that eases introduction of the fitting.



Inserting the fitting

Insert the pipe into the Monoblocco fitting, checking correct introduction through the slot in the nut (Fig. A).



Fig. A

Screwing

Screw the nut and tighten using a hex wrench, without using excessive force. (Fig. B).



Fig. B

Distributed pressure drops

Alpert - Water at 10 °C

Alpert - Water at 50 °C

	DN 16x2			DN 20x2	
G (I/h)	V (m/s)	Dp/m (Pa/m)	G (I/h)	V (m/s)	Dp/m (Pa/m)
120	0,29	158	150	0,21	60
130	0,32	182	170	0,23	74
140	0,34	208	190	0,26	90
150	0,37	234	210	0,29	108
160	0,39	262	230	0,32	126
170	0,42	291	250	0,35	146
180	0,44	322	270	0,37	167
190	0,47	354	290	0,40	189
200	0,49	387	310	0,43	213
210	0,52	422	330	0,46	237
220	0,54	458	350	0,48	263
230	0,56	495	370	0,51	290
240	0,59	533	390	0,54	318
250	0,61	572	410	0,57	347
260	0,64	613	430	0,59	377
270	0,66	655	450	0,62	408
280	0,69	698	470	0,65	441
290	0,71	742	490	0,68	474
300	0,74	788	510	0,70	508
310	0,76	834	530	0,73	544
320	0,79	882	550	0,76	580
330	0,81	930	570	0,79	617
340	0,84	980	590	0,82	656
350	0,86	1031	610	0,84	695
360	0,88	1084	630	0,87	736
370	0,91	1137	650	0,90	777
380	0,93	1191	670	0,93	819
390	0,96	1246	690	0,95	863
400	0,98	1303	710	0,98	907
410	1,01	1360	730	1,01	952
420	1,03	1419	750	1,04	998
430	1,06	1479	770	1,06	1045
440	1,08	1539	790	1,09	1093
450	1,11	1601	810	1,12	1142
460	1,13	1664	830	1,15	1192
470	1,15	1728	850	1,17	1243
480	1,18	1793	870	1,20	1294
490	1,20	1858	890	1,23	1347
500	1,23	1925	910	1,26	1400
510	1,25	1993	930	1,28	1454
520	1,28	2062	950	1,31	1510
530	1,30	2132	970	1,34	1566
540	1,33	2203	990	1,37	1623
550	1,35	2275	1010	1,40	1680
560	1,38	2348	1030	1,42	1739
570	1,40	2422	1050	1,45	1799
580	1,40	2496	1070	1,48	1859
590	1,42	2572	1090	1,51	1920
600	1,45	2649	1110	1,53	1982
610	1,50	2727	1130	1,56	2045
620	1,50	2805	1150	1,50	2109

	DN 16x2				DN 20x2	
G	V	Dp/m		G	V	Dp/m
(I/h)	(m/s)	(Pa/m)		(I/h)	(m/s)	(Pa/m)
120	0,29	126		150	0,21	47
130	0,32	145		170	0,23	59
140	0,34	165		190	0,26	72
150	0,37	186		210	0,29	85
160	0,39	208		230	0,32	100
170	0,42	231		250	0,35	116
180	0,44	256		270	0,37	133
190	0,47	281		290	0,40	150
200	0,49	308		310	0,43	169
210	0,52	335		330	0,46	188
220	0,54	363		350	0,48	209
230	0,56	393		370	0,51	230
240	0,59	423		390	0,54	252
250	0,61	454		410	0,57	275
260	0,64	487		430	0,59	299
270	0,66	520		450	0,62	324
280	0,69	554		470	0,65	350
290	0,71	589		490	0,68	376
300	0,74	625		510	0,70	404
310	0,76	662		530	0,73	432
320	0,79	700		550	0,76	461
330	0,81	739		570	0,79	490
340	0,84	778		590	0,82	521
350	0,86	819	-	610	0,84	552
360	0,88	860	-	630	0,87	584
370	0,91	903		650	0,90	617
380	0,93	946		670	0,93	651
390	0,96	990	-	690	0,95	685
400	0,98	1035		710	0,98	720
410	1,01	1080	•	730	1,01	756
420	1,03	1127		750	1,04	793
430	1,06	1174	-	770	1,06	830
440	1,08	1222	-	790	1,09	868
450	1,11	1271		810	1,12	907
460	1,13	1321		830	1,15	946
470	1,15	1372	-	850	1,17	987
480	1,18	1423		870	1,20	1028
490	1,20	1476		890	1,23	1069
500	1,23	1529		910	1,26	1112
510	1,25	1583		930	1,28	1155
520	1,28	1637	-	950	1,31	1199
530	1,30	1693	-	970	1,34	1243
540	1,33	1749		990	1,37	1288
550	1,35	1806		1010	1,40	1334
560	1,38	1864	-	1030	1,40	1381
570	1,40	1923	-	1050	1,42	1428
580	1,40	1982		1070	1,45	1476
590	1,42	2042		1090	1,40	1525
600	1,45	2103	-	1110	1,51	1574
			-			
610	1,50	2165		1130	1,56	1624
620	1,52	2227		1150	1,59	1675

NOTE: 1 bar = $0.1 \text{ N/mm}^2 = 100 \text{ kPa} = 10 \text{ m c.a.}$

Alpert - water at 80 °C

	DN 16x2			DN 20x2	
G	٧	Dp/m	G	V	Dp/m
(l/h)	(m/s)	(Pa/m)	(I/h)	(m/s)	(Pa/m
120	0,29	117	150	0,21	44
130	0,32	135	170	0,23	55
140	0,34	154	190	0,26	67
150	0,37	173	210	0,29	80
160	0,39	194	230	0,32	93
170	0,42	216	250	0,35	108
180	0,44	238	270	0,37	124
190	0,47	262	290	0,40	140
200	0,49	287	310	0,43	157
210	0,52	312	330	0,46	176
220	0,54	339	350	0,48	195
230	0,56	366	370	0,51	215
240	0,59	394	390	0,54	235
250	0,61	424	410	0,57	257
260	0,64	454	430	0,59	279
270	0,66	485	450	0,62	302
280	0,69	517	470	0,65	326
290	0,71	549	490	0,68	351
300	0,74	583	510	0,70	376
310	0,76	617	530	0,73	402
320	0,79	653	550	0,76	429
330	0,81	689	570	0,79	457
340	0,84	726	590	0,82	485
350	0,86	763	610	0,84	515
360	0,88	802	630	0,87	544
370	0,91	841	650	0,90	575
380	0,93	881	670	0,93	606
390	0,96	922	690	0,95	638
400	0,98	964	710	0,98	671
410	1,01	1007	730	1,01	705
420	1,03	1050	750	1,04	739
430	1,06	1094	770	1,06	774
440	1,08	1139	790	1,09	809
450	1,11	1185	810	1,12	845
460	1,13	1231	830	1,15	882
470	1,15	1279	850	1,17	920
480	1,18	1327	870	1,20	958
490	1,20	1375	890	1,23	997
500	1,23	1425	910	1,26	1036
510	1,25	1475	930	1,28	1076
520	1,28	1526	950	1,31	1117
530	1,30	1578	970	1,34	1159
540	1,33	1630	990	1,37	1201
550	1,35	1684	1010	1,40	1244
560	1,38	1737	1030	1,40	1287
570	1,40	1792	1050	1,45	1331
580	1,40	1848	1070	1,43	1376
	1,42				
590 		1904	1090	1,51	1421
600	1,47	1960	1110	1,53	1467
610	1,50	2018	1130	1,56	1514
620	1,52	2076	1150	1,59	1561

Fittings pressure drops

Fittings localised pressure drops can be obtained with the following formula,

known loss coefficients ξ of the single figures:

 $\Delta p = \xi \rho v^2/2$

 $\Delta p = pressure drop (Pa = 0.01 mbar)$

 ξ = loss coefficient

 ρ = fluid density [kg/m³]

ρ[kg/m³]
998,2
992,2
998,3
971,8

v = speed of the fluid (m/s)

Figura	ξ
	1,8
	1,6
	2,4
	2,2
	2,4
	2,2
	1,8
	3,2
	3,0



Respect the environment!

For a correct disposal, the different materials must be divided and collected according to the regulations in force.

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